

Sample Paper – 1

Goa Board Class VIII Social Science Term I Sample Paper – 1

Time: 2½ hours

Total Marks: 75

General Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
- (iii) In each section, questions from serial number 1 to 5 are multiple choice questions (MCQs) of 1 mark each. Every MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
- (iv) Questions from serial number 6 to 10 are 2 mark questions.
- (v) Questions from serial number 10 to 12 are 5 mark questions.

SECTION A History

Question 1 – In which three periods did James Mill divide Indian history?	[1]

- a) 'Hindu', 'Muslim' and 'British'
- b) 'Ancient', 'Medieval' and 'Modern'
- c) 'Pre-historic', 'Ancient' and 'Modern'
- d) None of the above

Question 2 –When did the Company government introduce Permanent Settlement Act in India? [1]

- a) 1791
- b) 1792
- c) 1793
- d) 1794

Question 3 – What were outsiders called in Chottanagpur, Jharkhand? [1]

- a) Dikus
- b) Santhals
- c) Banjaras
- d) Paavana

Question 4 – In which year did Delhi become the capital of British India? [1]

- a) 1921
- b) 1911
- c) 1925
- d) 1929



Question 5 – When was the state of Awadh annexed by the Company government? [1]

- a) 1801
- b) 1824
- c) 1856
- d) 1857

Question 6 – Who was the first Governor-General of India and who was the last Viceroy of India? [2]

Question 7 – By which name were the traders of the East India Company known in India? [2]

Question 8 – Explain the implications of the appointment of the Company as the Diwan of Bengal. [2]

Question 9 – Which tribals from central India saw themselves as 'the people of the forest' and found it below their dignity to work as labourers for others? [2]

Question 10 – Explain what are *dargahs, khanqahs* and *idgahhs*. [2]

Question 11 – Explain the reasons behind the dissatisfaction of the Company sepoys with the Company administration. [5]

Question 12 – Explain how the Bengal economy landed up in a crisis under the Diwani of the Company.

SECTION B Civics

Question 1 – In which year did the Indian National Congress make a demand for a Constituent Assembly? [1]

- a) 1958
- b) 1947
- c) 1938
- d) 1934

Question 2 – The Right to Equality bans the practice of which of the following practices?[1]

- a) Untouchability
- b) Sati
- c) Reservation
- d) Child marriage



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Question 3 – The Head of State in the Parliamentary System of government is called	[1]	
a) President	[-]	
b) Prime Minister		
c) Chief Minister		
d) Governor		
Question 4 – The law cannot discriminate between persons based on their	[1]	
a) Religion		
b) Caste		
c) Gender		
d) All of these		
Question 5 – When was the Supreme Court of India established?	[1]	
a) 15 August 1947		
b) 26 January 1950		
c) 15 August 1950		
d) 26 January 1947		
Question 6 – What do we mean by the term Constitution?	[2]	
Question 7 – What do we mean by 'Separation of powers'?	[2]	
Question 8 – Explain the concept of the 'Rule of Law'.	[2]	
Question 9 – State any five functions of the Parliament.	[2]	
Question 10 – Why is it important that government schools do not promote any religion?	one [2]	
Question 11 – Elaborate on the movement for democracy in Nepal.	[5]	
Question 12 – Explain the importance of the judiciary in a State.	[5]	
SECTION C Geography		

Question 1 - Which of the following components is the most essential component for developing resources? [1]

- a) Nature
- b) Human
- c) Technology
- d) None of the above

