

ICSE Board Class VII Physics Sample Paper – 1 Solution

Question 1

- **1. (b)** Conductors Materials which allow current to pass through them are called conductors.
- **2. (d)** Equal distance in an equal interval of time A body is said to be in uniform motion when it travels an equal distance in an equal interval of time
- **3. (b)** Black Colour of the shadow is black.
- **4. (c)** Kilogram The S.I. unit of mass is kilogram.
- **5. (a)** Radiation Heat from the Sun reaches us due to radiation.
- 6. (b) 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz Audible range of sound for humans is 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz.
- **7. (c)** Virtual and erect The image formed by a convex mirror is always virtual and erect.
- 8. (a) Water

Relative density of a substance is expressed by comparing the density of that substance with the density of water.

9. (d) 50 dB - 60 dB

The loudness of sound is normal between 50 dB - 60 dB.

10.(a) -O--O-

The symbol for a closed switch is **-O--O-**

11.(b) Concave

A concave mirror is used in the construction of a shaving glass.



12.(c) Water

Water is a transparent object.

13.(b) Electrons

Electric current is the flow of electrons.

14.(a) To measure mass

Beam balance is used to measure mass.

15.(d) metre/second

The unit of speed is metre/second.

Question 2

(A)

- 1. Motion of a body along a straight line is called rectilinear motion. For example, the motion of a train on a straight track.
- 2. Focal length = Radius of curvature/2
- 3. The amplitude of an oscillating body is the maximum displacement of the vibrating body from its mean or normal position.
- 4. °F = $\frac{9}{5} \times$ °C + 32
- 5. Electric fuse is a safety device which is used to protect electric devices by breaking the electric circuit in case of flow of excess current in it.

(B)

- 1. The transfer of heat by the process of conduction takes place only in solids.
- 2. The weight of an object on the Moon is about one-sixth of that on the Earth.
- 3. When a short circuit occurs, the fuse wire melts and breaks the circuit.
- 4. Sound waves cannot travel in vacuum.
- 5. A ray of light which bounces back from the surface of an object is called a reflected ray of light.

Question 3

(A)

Column A	Column B
Vocal cord	Human voice
Primary cell	Non-rechargable
Quantity of matter	Mass
Plastic	Bad conductor
Joule	Heat



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(B)

- 1. Electric cell: An electric cell is a device which converts chemical energy into electrical energy.
- 2. Density: Density of an object is defined as the mass per unit volume of that object.
- 3. Evaporation: The change of liquid state into its vapour state at any temperature below its boiling point is known as evaporation.
- 4. Opaque objects: Objects which do not allow light to pass through them are called opaque objects.
- 5. Frequency: Frequency of a sound wave is the number of complete back and forth vibrations of the particle of the medium in one second.

Question 4

(A)

The motion of the Earth around the Sun	Periodic motion
The motion of plucked string of a guitar	Vibratory motion
Motion of a flying bird	Random motion
Giant wheel	Circular motion
Heart beat	Periodic motion

(B)

- 1. Electric generator
- 2. Temperature
- 3. Noise
- 4. Acceleration
- 5. Umbra



Question 5

(A)

- 1. True.
- 2. False. No medium is required for transfer of heat by radiation.
- 3. False. The unit of speed is ms⁻¹.
- 4. True.
- 5. False. The images which cannot be taken on a screen are called virtual images.

(B)

1. Image formation by a concave mirror when the object is placed beyond C.





Image formation by a concave mirror when the object is placed at C



- 2. Two measures to reduce noise pollution are
 - i. Automobiles should be fitted with silencers and soft horns.
 - ii. Airports and noise making factories should be shifted away from the residential area of the city.



Question 6

- 1. Heat is the form of energy which makes a body hot, while temperature is the degree of hotness or coldness of a body.
- 2. The time period of a simple pendulum depends on
 - i. The length of the pendulum
 - ii. Acceleration due to gravity
- 3. The laws of reflection are:
 - i. The incident ray, the reflected ray and the normal all lie in the same plane.
 - ii. During reflection of light, the angle of incidence is equal to angle of reflection.
- 4. Electroplating is the process of coating a metal by putting it in an electrolyte and passing electricity through it. Electroplating makes the surfaces of various objects clean, smooth and shiny.
- 5. Sound requires a medium to propagate. It cannot travel in vacuum (region without any medium). Since, there is a vacuum in the space; sound cannot reach us from space.

Question 7

(A)

- 1. Characteristics of an image formed by a plane mirror are:
 - 1. The image formed by a plane mirror is virtual (or unreal). It cannot be obtained on a screen.
 - 2. The image formed by a plane mirror is at the same distance behind the mirror as the distance of the object in front of it.
 - 3. The image formed by a plane mirror is of the same size as the object. It is neither enlarged nor diminished.
 - 4. The image formed by a plane mirror is erect. It is always upright like the object.
 - 5. The image formed by a plane mirror is laterally inverted with respect to the object.
- 2. During the day, when the Sun shines, solid land gets heated to a higher temperature much more quickly than liquid sea-water. The hot air over the land rises upwards and cooler air from over the sea moves towards the land in the form of a cool breeze. The breeze blowing from the sea towards the land is called sea-breeze.



(B)

1.

Loudness	Pitch
It is an amplitude dependent property	It is a frequency dependent property
It determines the heaviness of sound	It determines the shrillness of sound
Men have voices with large amplitude	Women have voices of high frequency
and thus have loud voices.	and thus have sharp voices.
Bass in music does not depend on	Bass in music depends on pitch of sound
loudness of sound	

ii.

High pitch sound	Low pitch sound
It is produced by high frequency	It is produced by low frequency
vibrations	vibrations
It is a shrill sound	It is a shallow sound
Female voices have a higher pitch	Male voices have a lower pitch